

Bloomfield Record.

S. M. HULIN, Editor and Proprietor.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1874.

Suburban Burglaries.

An article in the N. Y. Graphic on the recent arrest of a gang of masked thieves at Fort Plains, N. Y., contains the following thoughtful hints and suggestions from which our readers may extract something applicable in this locality: "The midnight attacks of burglars constitute the chief excitement of residents in suburban towns. For several years gangs of robbers, such as that recently captured by the police of this city, have ravaged the towns in the neighborhood of the city. The local police have been no protection, for the reason that they are too few in number and too inert. In most cases the customary midnight noises of a country house—the slamming of shutters, and the cracking of floors under the blithe tread of the frolicsome rats—enable burglars to effect an entrance without arousing the suspicion of the drowsy inmates; and it is only in coming down stairs in the morning and discovering that breakfast must be eaten without spoons and forks that the robbed householder learns that he has entertained burglars unaware.

"Until detectives are stationed in every suburban town that is connected with the city by railroad, and instructed to arrest every suspicious character as soon as he leaves the train, the robbers will have little reason to fear the interference of the authorities. In the mean time our suburban friends must rely for the protection upon a supply of small dogs and revolvers. The large watch-dog, chained in the yard, on whose vigilance so many persons place unwavering faith, is worthless, for the simple reason that a bit of meat spiced with strychnine will instantly silence him. The small terrier who is permitted to roam the house at night is, however, exceedingly efficient as an alarm. He is sure to bark, whenever an attempt is made to enter the house, and if his bark is supplemented by the immediate lighting of the gas, the appeal to the revolver will usually be unnecessary.

"For the benefit of timid people, it is well to remark that the burglars, having the world of houses before them where to choose, enter only those in which they have reason to think there is a fair prospect of booty. The man who lives in a small house, and is known to keep his bank account in the city, and never to have any large amount of money in his pocket or his desk, may safely defy the burglars. They will not waste their time by searching for plated forks in the modest mansion, when they can get real silver and ready cash at the house of his prosperous neighbor across the way.

"The suggestion contained in the above, five or two in each suburban town to spot the suspicious character as he leaves the train, is a good one. But it seems to be an open question with us whether we are indebted to the alepther from this larger cities for our recent burglaries or to those less experienced members of the profession who have their abiding and lurking places among us. In either event, however, the experienced detective would be a valuable acquisition to the town, and we commend the suggestion to the consideration of those citizens who are interesting themselves in the matter of a police for Bloomfield.

The Chief-Justiceship.

Yesterday President Grant, withdrew the nomination of Mr. Cushing for Chief-Justice, the apparent reason being the "development" made in a letter found in the confederate-archives bought from Gen. Pickett by the Government in 1872. This letter was written by Cushing to Jeff. Davis in 1861, and "recommended" for a position under the confederacy a young man who had been employed in the Attorney-General's office, but whose sympathies made it advisable for him to go South.

"By this last nomination the President seems to have opened a chasm between himself and many who have been his friends and warm supporters, and the compulsory manner in which it has been at last tardily withdrawn will hardly have the effect to bridge it over. And now the country awaits, with interest, the third coming man.

We publish in another column a report of the recent Parish Meeting of the First Presbyterian Church in this place. In its preparation we sought to give only the most important parts of the discussions, knowing that proceedings of a particular society, while interesting to those directly concerned, is not especially so to others. We do not wish to encroach too far upon space which belongs to the whole town. We would like to devote about a column each week to matters pertaining to "Our Churches," and cordially welcome contributions, such as reports, synopses of important sermons, etc., from all the churches of the village.

To-day we print the fifty-second number of the Bloomfield Record, and consequently, finish our first volume. We thought about putting on our magnifying glasses and writing a lengthy sermon, amplifying upon what Mr. Beecher has done and enlarging upon what it "proposes" to do in the future. But somehow we didn't get started, and so our patrons will be deprived of the pleasure (?) of reading the marvelous upturn we had in contemplation. It will appear about this time next year—unless further postponed.

Proceedings of the Town Committee.

FRIDAY, JAN. 9TH.

Present: Messrs. SARGENT, POTTER, YERGEN, UNANGST and WARD.

A complaint was read, signed by C. W. Macfield, in relation to sidewalk and cross-walks on Franklin street.

It was ordered to repair the sidewalk on Willow street.

Also, that the sluices on Orange street be opened.

A communication was received in regard to the dangerous condition of the railroad bridge on Benson street, a plank having been removed.

The following accounts were audited and ordered paid.

Madison Bros., for coal furnished poor people, \$27.53.

Madison Bros., for drainpipe, Sidewalk Dist. No. 2, \$28.50.

Joe K. Oakes, for making Assessments, \$400.

Peter McKenna, for sidewalk grading, \$64.00.

A bill of the Montclair Gas and Water Co., amounting to \$7,791.12 for lamp posts and gas, was read and referred to the Committee on Gas.

A communication was received from the Gas Company in regard to time of lighting lamps.

It was moved and carried that a committee of three be appointed to revise the schedule now used for lighting and extinguishing lamps.

The chairman appointed Messrs. Unangst, Ward and Potter to serve on said committee.

Mr. Sargent introduced for consideration the subject of employing a night patrol. It was deferred until the next meeting.

Adjourned to meet on Friday, Jan. 27.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

EDITOR OF THE RECORD:

May I, a Bloomfield girl, be allowed the privilege of faking a little room in your excellent paper? Believe me, I do it in the cause of womanhood. The men can take care of themselves.

I refer to the walking. We, in some places, have paved sidewalks. I think however the unpaved walks are, in some respects, preferable to those paved. The first mentioned, though muddy, are not slippery, and if either must be, I deem it more pleasant to lose an overshoe in the mud than to break my bones on the ice.

After the snow-storm of Dec. 26th I noticed that the middle of the road, the path broken by the horses, was preferred to the sidewalks. Now why was this? Because the pavements were so coated with ice and snow, that one walked upon them only at the risk of a broken arm, or limb, if not a broken neck. This I know from experience, having had occasion to walk upon the unpaved sidewalks. I do not, by any means, intend to insinuate that these men are all that "good but too true." I heard it remarked that there was "excellent coasting" the whole length of Washington street, or at least so far as the descent was sufficient to give impetus to the sled. But was this in the street? Oh! no, only on the sidewalk. On Broad street also, and Franklin street, and—but I will go no further. I take it for granted that where the "shoe fits," there it will be worn.

The snow-plough, (there come the horses again,) does indeed break the way for the shovels, but alas! how few are used to complete the labor begun by the horses. If the use of those implements is too fatiguing to some of our young gentlemen in roundabouts, let them at least follow the hint thrown out in the enclosed piece of poetry. I found it among some old scraps the other day, and as it struck me as being indeed, "a lesson for the season," and one which—though old—it would do no harm to learn, I thought I would presume upon your good nature sufficiently to ask you to insert it in your always welcome paper. That all will follow its teaching—or do better—is the sincere wish of one who is thankful to have escaped, so far this winter, without injury to her own precious self, caused by uncleared sidewalks.

ESTHER.

[The above communication was received so late that we are compelled to defer until next week the publication of Miss Esther's poetry.—Ed.]

New Jersey is taking a prominent part in the Grange movement. The State Grange met recently in Camden and completed the buying arrangements throughout the State. Every grange will now reap the benefit of buying, through the State executive officer, directly from the manufacturer and at handsome discounts. The economies thus effected upon the purchase of fertilizers alone will more than pay for running the machinery of the grange throughout the State; and the same or greater savings are to be made on musical instruments, sewing machines, farming implements, machinery, and many other things. The time is near at hand when New Jersey and Pennsylvania Patrons will bring grain directly from Western granaries, and have their own flouring mills on the coast. By that time railroad corporations will get their eyes open, and they will become "wise as serpents and as harmless as doves."

The Tribune publisher has sent us "The Extra, No. 14, Scientific Series," which we have not yet had an opportunity to read. We are convinced however, that if anybody wants a big literary dinner for almost nothing, they will get it in these Tribune Extras. See advertisement elsewhere.

OUR CHURCHES.

Parish Meeting, First Pres. Church.

The Annual Parish Meeting of the Bloomfield Presbyterian Society was held on Tuesday evening. It was well attended and was a spirited meeting. Dr. Jos. A. Davis was chosen to act as Moderator, and after a brief prayer by Rev. E. Seymour the routine of business was taken up. The report of the Trustees showed that the Society's receipts for the year had been \$4,435.07, with disbursements to the same amount. The liabilities were given at \$4,391.16.

Interesting reports were received from the various committees.

Mr. Randolph, from the committee on New Sunday School Rooms, reported that plans had been procured, and a subscription raised to meet the cost of building.

Mr. M. W. Dodd, from the committee on procuring a new bill, gave a detailed report relating to the procurement of the new bill, an account and description of which went on record in the columns of this paper at the time.

Mr. A. T. Morris, from the committee on horse sheds, reported that they had been erected without cost to the society, and that there were remaining unoccupied and for sale or lease three of the stalls in the same.

Hon. Amzi Dodd, from the committee of thirteen appointed at a recent meeting to confer together in regard to calling a pastor, presented a written report. The advice of the committee was that before any direct action was taken to call a minister, the church should determine definitely the amount of salary which it was proposed to pay.

Mr. Dodd followed by a brief address on the subject of salary and which he hoped the meeting would take up.

Mr. M. W. Dodd then addressed the meeting and in the course of his remarks showed that the salary heretofore paid by the church was considerably below the average paid in other churches in the vicinity, which ranged from \$2,000 up to \$5,000. He thought this church should pay more than heretofore to compare favorably with others and honor its position as one of the largest churches in the Presbytery.

Mr. J. F. Randolph spoke in favor of paying a higher salary.

Rev. Dr. Coe thought it would be easier for the congregation to raise a salary of \$4,000 for a good preacher than a small amount for an indifferent one. His argument and remarks met with decided favor in the meeting.

Mr. W. P. Lyon made some remarks in which he alluded to the dog-in-the-manger disposition of some old resident members who, owning pews, would not give them up to the trustees. He also took occasion to charge the Society and the township as well, of regarding with uncharitable disfavour the taking of an active part in public meetings, etc., by residents who had come from other churches.

At the conclusion of his animated version, Mr. J. F. Randolph replied briefly, stating that he thought the gentleman was mistaken, and called his attention, convincingly, to the number of new-comers holding office, not only in the church, but in the township committee, in which there was hardly a man who was a native of Bloomfield.

The first speaker took the floor to reply, when another gentleman arose, and said, in effect, that the discussion of this foreign question was foreign to the purposes for which the meeting was convened. This brought the meeting back to the consideration of the more important matters from which its attention had been diverted.

Mr. J. F. Folsom, in order to ascertain the sentiment of the meeting upon the salary question, proposed that a vote be taken upon a salary of \$3,500.

Mr. T. H. Ward proposed the adoption of the free church principle and to raise the money by voluntary subscriptions.

Mr. C. P. Ladd recommended that the amount raised by annuities be set apart exclusively to pay the minister. He was in favor, also, of paying him a good salary, and forcibly illustrated his point by stating that in his mechanical business he had found that it paid to employ the best and highest priced workmen. By getting an inferior and cheap hand his work was botched, and consequently he lost his customers. The same thing, he thought, was true in churches. He agreed with Dr. Coe, that if a really good preacher was secured the salary could be easily raised. He cited the instance of the recent sale of pews in Mr. Beecher's Church at \$50,000.

Mr. A. T. Morris then made some remarks, foreign perhaps to the ministerial question, but nevertheless appropriate. He thought the society should not overlook the importance of having a comfortable house to worship in. New windows were needed; the outside walls needed attending to; and that the steeple, from its dilapidated condition, allowed the storms to penetrate the building, and should be repaired.

The question of salary and the manner of raising it again coming up, several gentlemen spoke, some in favor of a higher, others a lower, annuity.

Mr. Amzi Dodd again took the floor and made the most telling speech of the evening. It abounded not in suggestions of what could or might be done, but in what ought to be done, what he himself was willing to do. He began by saying he believed a good person could be secured to preach for a thousand or fifteen hundred dollars; that he was ready, if the others were, to have such an one, for a pastor. But he also endorsed the plan of having a minister such as Dr. Coe wanted, provided the manner of raising the higher salary could be properly adjusted.

and distributed throughout the congregation. He believed there were those who, through the high annuity, often paid as much if not more than they ought to. He was opposed to putting the annuity any higher; would rather see it reduced so that anybody, those in the most moderate circumstances, could have a seat anywhere in the church. A gentleman preceding him had told the truth and he respected his honesty, when he said he paid, by his annuity, all he could afford to pay, in accordance with his income. The speaker, having paid a deserved tribute to those who contributed their small but honest share to the support of the church, he turned to another class, who, he thought did not do their duty. He included himself as one of them. There were gentlemen in the congregation who spent from three to five hundred dollars for the luxuries of every day life, but did not do all they ought to do for the support of the gospel. He was in favor of keeping the annuity down, so that poor people should not be compelled to pay too much, and of raising what was needed extra among those who were abundantly able to contribute. As for himself, he was willing to leave it to a committee to say how much he ought to pay.

Mr. Morris moved to defer the discussion of the pastor's salary till another meeting and proceed to elect Trustees. It was decided, before the adjournment, as so free a discussion had taken place, to vote upon the amount of salary, which was done. The sum of \$3,000 and a parsonage received the largest number of votes. 30 per cent was fixed as the rate of annuity upon the valuation of the pews.

A vote for the new board of Trustees was then taken, and resulted in the choice of the following named gentlemen:

Augustus T. Morris, Thomas McGowan, J. Banks Reford, Theo. H. Ward, Samuel J. Potter, Nathaniel H. Dodd, John F. Folsom.

A vote was also taken to appoint a new Committee to procure a pastor. The following was the selection:

Rev. D. B. Coe, D. D., Jos. A. Davis, M. D., James M. Barrett, Jacob E. Randolph, Calvin P. Ladd, J. G. Bronghton, Samuel J. Potter, Thomas Oakes, Thomas McGowan.

The meeting then adjourned to meet on Tuesday evening of next week.

The chronic disorder, burglary, broke out in another place on Thursday night of last week, at which time the residence of Mr. Jason Crane was visited. The inmates were awakened by the noise made by a burglar at the lower windows. Mr. Crane, from a second story window, saw a man reconnoitering the yard and fired several shots at him with a revolver. He escaped unhurt, however and joined his accomplices, three in number, on the street. The four were afterwards seen to pass through Franklin street toward the park. Upon going down stairs Mr. Crane found that a window had been pried up, breaking the patent fastenings, and that the robbers, apparently, were just about entering the room. It is to be regretted that one of the shots which Mr. Crane fired had not taken effect and secured the identification of the thief. It might have resulted in the apprehension of others belonging to the gang which seems to infest our town.

In the Court of Common Pleas, in Newark yesterday, Geo. Hampson and Martin Dolan were licensed as saloon keepers in Bloomfield. Gottfried Kurz was also licensed to keep a tavern.

How many more of these saloons and taverns are we to have in this place? The general opinion among all classes here is that there are too many of them already. Would it not be well to have a law vesting this license business in the Township Committee? If not, it would seem quite rational to do away with the committee altogether and let Newark or the County run the town entirely.

The anniversary of the colored Sunday School was held in the Presbyterian Church last Sunday afternoon. The exercises were very interesting, consisting of singing, recitations by the Infant Class, reading the reports of the Secretary, Mr. J. N. Baldwin, and of the Librarian, Mr. James Berry, and some pleasant remarks by Mr. P. W. Lyon. An exercise on the Life of Joseph was engaged in responsively by the Superintendent, Mr. Bronghton, and the scholars and teachers. The school has contributed during the past year to benevolent objects more than \$25.00.

On Monday evening the lady in charge of the Euclidean Reading Room discovered the room to be filled with smoke which was at length found to have originated in a closet in which was a barrel used for kindling. In some unaccountable manner it had taken fire. An alarm was given, and Mr. W. B. Corby and several others, by prompt and efficient action, prevented what might have been a serious conflagration.

Mrs. Henry Spellmeyer was presented, a day or two ago, with a pair of kid gloves lined with greenbacks. The donors were the ladies of the M. E. Church of which Rev. Mr. Spellmeyer is pastor.

A snow storm visited these parts Tuesday night. Owing to the high winds it drifted considerably. It puzzles us to keep the drift of the weather now-a-days. Blue birds were heard in this town last week.

Renewals.

Many of our subscribers have already renewed their subscriptions, and many have not as yet done so. Only one per cent of the entire list have as yet renewed to take it for the new volume, which we take to be a very favorable indication of the paper's popularity. For various reasons we deem it best, at present, not to enforce the "cash in advance" system, although it is the true plan. In other words, we consider those who placed their names on our lists last year as permanent subscribers for 1874, unless they notify us that they wish to discontinue. It won't take but one notice of that kind to stop THE RECORD, whose publisher don't propose to compromise himself or any other people by trying to force them into taking his paper.

In regard to renewing, we leave it to our patrons to suit themselves in the matter—hoping they will make it as soon as convenient. Like everybody else, we need money. Renewals can be made at our office, at the post-office, and at the stores where some of our subscribers get their paper.

W. B. Corby has for sale, at low figures, six good horses; also, three wagons, three sets of harness, and one cart and harness. Here is a good opportunity for somebody.

Mr. Thomas Somerville has been appointed Agent in this place, of the D. L. & W. Express. No doubt he will please the patrons of the line.

A mad dog was shot in Westsiding on Tuesday morning by William Sipp, barber, of Glenwood avenue, Bloomfield.

Special Notices.

Newark Savings Institution, 609, 804, 804 Broad St., Cor. Mechanic St., NEWARK, N. J.

This Institution has declared a Dividend of Three and one-half per cent, for the past six months, free from State, County and City Taxes, payable on and after Jan. 27, 1874.

Interest not drawn will itself draw interest as principal from Jan. 1.

Dividends made on or before Jan. 1st, 1874, draw interest from that date.

Notice.

An application will be made at the next session of the Legislature to permit the local voters of the Township of Bloomfield to vote upon the question of license or no license at the spring election.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that application is to be made at the coming session of the New Jersey Legislature for the passage of an Act to incorporate the Male Association of Bloomfield, N. J.

Lost.

On the 14th P. M. train to Newark, Monday, an envelope addressed Michael Ward, containing \$20 in currency, the wages of a poor old woman, A. Liberal reward will be paid for its return to the Depot Agent at Bloomfield.

For Sale.

A first class house, containing 14 rooms, with modern improvements, in a desirable location, for sale. Also, a desirable lot of land on Glenwood avenue. Terms easy.

Inquire of EDWARD B. BRETHER, or at this office.

BLOOMFIELD MILLS.

Our New Buckwheat Flour. If you cannot get the genuine article, in our original packages, at our grange, a line through the Post Office will bring it directly from the mill, fresh and pure. Put up in packages of convenient size for family use.

J. V. POTTER, Bloomfield, N. J.

Out This Out.—It May Save Your Life. There is no person living but what suffers more or less with Lung Diseases, Coughs, Colds, or Consumption, yet some die rather than pay 72 cents for a bottle of medicine that would cure them. Dr. A. Boesche's German Syrup has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures astonish every one that try it. If you doubt what we say in print, cut this out and take it to GEORGE R. DAVIS, Druggist, and get a sample bottle free of charge, or a regular size for 75 cts.

MARTIN BROTHERS, Have Just Opened.

A NEW AND NICELY SELECTED STOCK OF Choice Family Groceries and Provisions, To which they would respectfully invite the attention of the Bloomfield people, confident that they can afford entire satisfaction. Their Stock embraces:

THE FINEST Tea, Coffee, Spices, Sugars, &c. CANNED GOODS, Fresh and Preserved Fruits of all kinds, BUTTER, LARD, CHEESE AND EGGS, Choice Provisions, FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, ETC., ETC.

Corner Bloomfield Ave. and Broad St., BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

NEW DRUG STORE. Attention is respectfully called to the Drug Store no 80, opposite the Post Office, which has been fitted up with a select stock of:

Pure Drugs and Medicines, Perfumery, Soaps, Fancy Articles, Combs, Brushes, Hair Oils, &c., &c. Also, a good assortment of PATENT MEDICINES.

We guarantee that all DRUGS AND MEDICINES used in our store shall be of the purest quality, and dispensed in the most scientific manner. Call and examine Goods and Prices. Open on Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M. and from 6 to 8 P. M.

RICHARDS & BRO., Dealers in

Fresh Meats, Provisions, &c. BLOOMFIELD AVE., CORNER ORANGE ST.

Newark Advertisements.

Mens' Furnishing Goods.

R. F. JOLLEY & CO'S.,

829 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Elegant Scarfs and Cravats, New Hosiery

Large Assortment of

Fine Shirts for Men and Youth.

SHIRTS TO ORDER A SPECIALTY.

R. F. JOLLEY & CO.

829 BROAD STREET.

Adjoining the Furnishing Storeward connected herewith is the

Fashionable Hat Store

OF

JOLLEY & CO.

W. V. SNYDER & CO.,

Having largely increased their stock FOR THE HOLL.

DAYS, are offering their customers

Greater Inducements than ever in

Dry Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Notions,

Cloaks, Shawls, Cloths, Cassi-

meres, Hosiery, and Under-

derwear.

All Goods marked in plain figures, and no deviation from marked prices.

727 and 729 Broad street,

NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE.

NEWARK, N. J.

N. B. Special Bargains in all kinds of

Cotton Goods, Blankets and Flannels.

MARTIN R. DENNIS,

Bookseller and Stationer,

739 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

Sole Drafts on

ENGLAND, IRELAND, and

SCOTLAND,

FOR ANY AMOUNT, AT THE LOWEST PRICES. ALSO

PASSAGE TICKETS.

ON CANAL, NATIONAL, ANCHOR, WHITE STAR

AND GUION & CO'S STEAMERS.

TO AND FROM LONDON, LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

N. R. DENNIS,

739 BROAD STREET, NEWARK, N. J.

Established 1850.

FIRST PREMIUM

Silver Ware!

BENJAMIN MAYO,

887 BROAD STREET, Near City Hall, Newark, N. J.

P. S.—No connection with any other place.

A Full Line of Cutlery.

GUARDIAN

Safety Lamp.

Principle entirely new, tested by the New York Fire Department, who pronounce it the Safest Lamp for burning Kerosene Oil. Adapted to Dressing Rooms, Stores, Churches, &c.

Agent for Newark and Vicinity, 887 BROAD ST., ALBIO.

Fruit Jars, Crockery, Glass Ware, Plated Ware, Silver Shades for Wax Work, &c.

In large variety and lowest rates for cash.

G. W. LAWRENCE, 481, Broad St., Newark.

M. A. FRASER,

Paper Hangings.

The Largest Stock of

French and English Wall Paper.

Practical HOUSE and FURNACE PAINTING.

Houses Decorated

At Short notice and at reasonable rates.

Formerly with RICHMOND & Co. 201 N. 3rd St. N. J.

M. A. FRASER, 652 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

CLOSING SALE

At Cost!

OF

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

Bankruptcy—At the Dispensation of the Court.

FRED. MAASS,

Mrs. Macknot's Old Stand,

825 BROAD ST., NEWARK, N. J.

For Ladies will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

J. M. ALTHOFF.

